A simple dressing for hypospadias surgery in children

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Abstract

One of the most controversial aspects of hypospadias surgery is the election of an appropriate wound dressing. In fact, there may be as many different types of dressing as there are types of surgical repair. Here, we describe a new, simple method for hypospadias dressing in children that minimizes painful removal.

Method

One of the most controversial aspects of modern hypospadias surgery is the election of an appropriate wound dressing.1 Multiple dressings after hypospadias surgery have been previously reported.2 Dressing prevents postoperative edema and hematoma formation, maintaining the phallus in an upright position. Most dressings are bulky, hard to apply or remove, and may fall off in an active child.3 Commonly used dressings are adherent to the surgical wound, making removal more likely to be painful, especially in young children.4 Diverse types of materials have been used for this purpose, including petrolatum-based gauze, silastic foam, elastic bandage, glove finger, Tegaderm™, Opsite®, Cavi-Care®, Granuflex®, Dermolite™, and Coban™ bandage.3,4 All the above-mentioned materials have their own set of advantages and disadvantages. Under these conditions, the use of a self-adherent, soft, silicone-foam dressing that minimizes painful removal is really appropriate for hypospadias surgery.5

The Mepilex® Border foam sheet is cut according to the penile length and circumference. The lower border of dressing is split in three flaps for self-adherence to pubic and scrotal area (Fig. 1). The foam dressing need to be rolled into a cylindrical shape, wrapping round the penis and closed on the dorsal aspect with adhesive lateral border (Fig. 2). The top of the dressing must be left open to allow the urinary catheter to come through and to see the colour of the glans during postoperative period. No secondary dressings are necessary. The application of this type of dressing is very simple, with no need for previous skills and without increasing the operation time.

The dressing is removed after 5–10 days, depending on the urethroplasty procedure performed. The dressing, being non-adherent in the wound area, is easily peeled off with no need of analgesics and minimal discomfort (Fig. 3).

Conclusion

Self-adherent, soft, silicone-foam dressing (Mepilex® Border) is really accurate for hypospadias surgery in children. It can be easily removed, avoiding harm to the child.
Hypospadias dressing in children

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References


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